

# COLD WORK TOOL STEELS

## Application Segments

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Cold Work

## Available Product Variants

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Long Products

## Product Description

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BÖHLER K888 MATRIX - This MATRIX steel offers an excellent combination of high toughness and high compressive strength. MATRIX materials have high toughness, which is a critical factor in many applications. However, the hardness achievable with commonly used MATRIX steels often limits the potential applications. BÖHLER K888 MATRIX breaks through this barrier and offers the best of both worlds of matrix steels and high alloy tool steels. BÖHLER K888 MATRIX is a unique problem solver in situations where high compressive strength and toughness are required. Its advantageous tempering behavior with a pronounced secondary hardness maximum also enables the use of advanced coatings.

## Process Melting

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Powder metallurgy

## Properties

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- > Toughness & Ductility : very high
- > Hardness : very high
- > Compressive strength : very high
- > Machinability : very high
- > Dimensional stability : very high

## Applications

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- > Fine Blanking, Stamping, Blanking
- > Powder Pressing
- > General Components for Mechanical Engineering
- > Standard Parts (Molds, Plates, Pins, Punches)
- > Cold Forming
- > Pill punching dies
- > Machine knife (for producers)
- > Coining
- > Rolling
- > Components for the recycling industry

## Technical data

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Material designation	
BÖHLER patent	Market grade

**Chemical composition (wt. %)**

C	Si	Cr	Mo	V	W	Co
0.60	0.85	4.40	2.80	1.10	2.45	3.80

**Material characteristics**

	Compressive strength	Dimensional stability during heat treatment	Toughness	Wear resistance abrasive	Wear resistance adhesive
BÖHLER K888 MATRIX	★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★	★★
BÖHLER K110	★★	★★★	★	★★★	★★
BÖHLER K294 MICROCLEAR	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★
BÖHLER K340 ISODUR	★★★	★★★★	★★★	★★★	★★★★
BÖHLER K346	★★★	★★★	★★★	★★★★	★★
BÖHLER K353	★★	★★★	★★	★★	★★
BÖHLER K360 ISODUR	★★★	★★★★	★★★	★★★★	★★★★
BÖHLER K390 MICROCLEAR	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★
BÖHLER K490 MICROCLEAR	★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★	★★★★	★★★★
BÖHLER K497 MICROCLEAR	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★
BÖHLER K890 MICROCLEAR	★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★	★★★

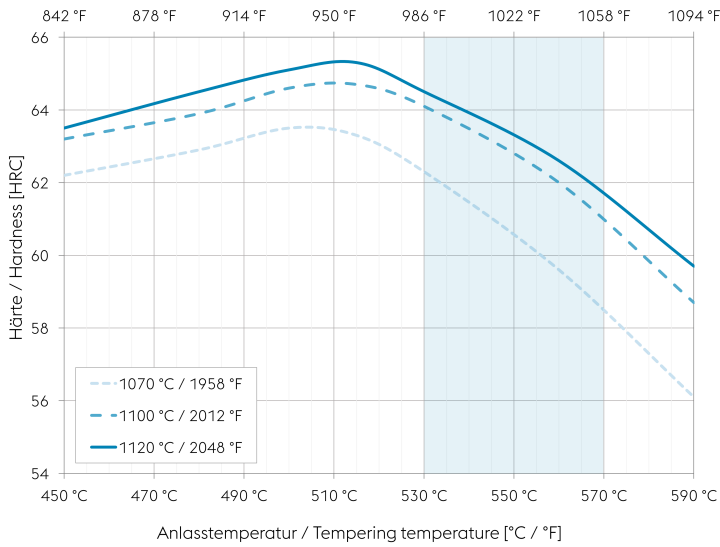
**Delivery condition**

Annealed	
Hardness (HB)	max. 280

**Heat treatment**

Stress relieving		
Temperature	650 to 700 °C	After through heating, hold in neutral atmosphere for 1-2 hours.    Slow cooling in furnace    Intended to relieve stresses caused by extensive machining or in complex shapes.
Hardening and Tempering		
Temperature	1,070 to 1,120 °C	Quenching: Oil, gas (N <sub>2</sub> )    Holding time after temperature equalization: 20-30 minutes (hardening temperature 1070 to 1100 °C   1958 to 2012 °F) or 10 minutes (hardening temperature 1120 °C (2048 °F)    After hardening, tempering to the desired working hardness according to the tempering chart.

### Tempering Chart



Slow heating to tempering temperature immediately after hardening.

Time in furnace 1 hour for each 20 mm (0,787 inch) of workpiece thickness but at least 2 hours.

Please refer to the tempering chart for guide values for the achievable hardness after tempering.

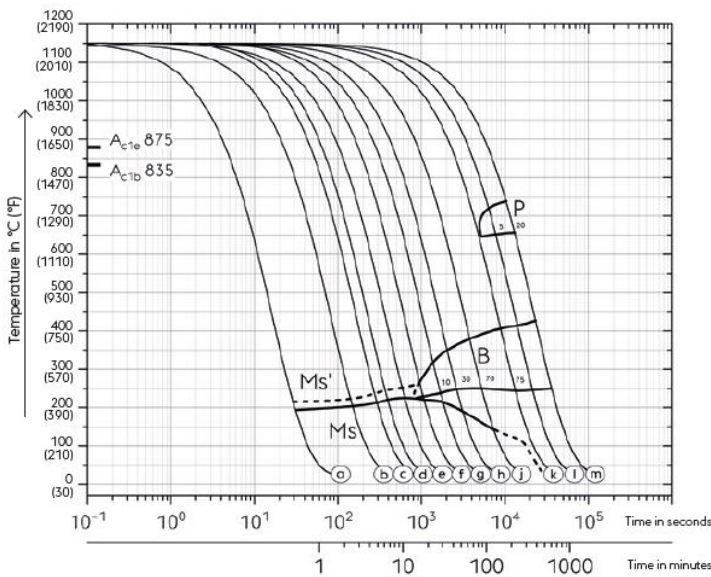
It is recommended to temper at least three times above the secondary hardness maximum.

Cooling in air to room temperature after each tempering step is recommended.

Tempering for stress relieving 30 to 50 °C (86 to 122 °F) below the highest tempering temperature.

Recommended tempering temperature range is indicated by the blue area in the chart.

### Continuous cooling CCT curves



Austenitizing temperature: 1150 °C / 2102 °F

Soak time: 180 sec

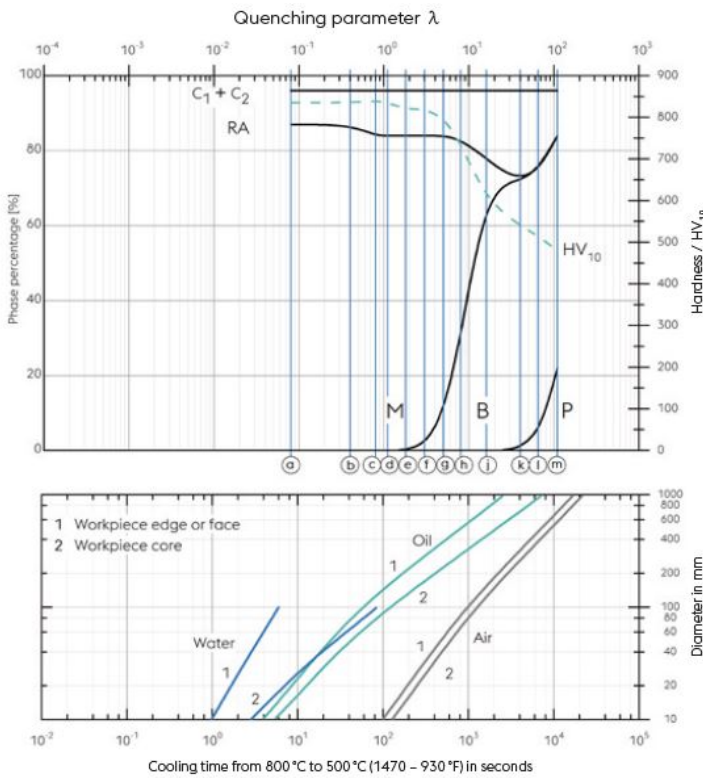
5...75 Phase proportion in %

0.08...110.00... Quenching parameter  $\lambda$ , i.e. quenching time from 800 to 500 °C (1470 - 930 °F) in  $s \times 10^{-2}$

P...Pearlite  
B...Bainite  
Ms... Martensite starting temperature  
M...Martensite

Sample	$\lambda$	HV <sub>10</sub>	Sample	$\lambda$	HV <sub>10</sub>
a	0.08	835	g	5.00	800
b	0.40	835	h	8.00	740
c	0.80	840	j	16.00	600
d	1.10	835	k	40.00	540
e	1,80	820	l	65.00	515
f	3.00	820	m	110.00	480

Quantitative phase diagram



- C1...Carbide content not dissolved during austenitization
- C2...Start of carbide precipitation during quenching from the austenitization temperature
- RA...Retained austenite
- A...Austenite
- M...Martensite
- P...Pearlite
- B...Bainite

Physical Properties

Temperature (°C)	<b>20</b>
Density (kg/dm <sup>3</sup> )	7.86
Thermal conductivity (W/(m.K))	20.8
Specific heat (kJ/kg K)	0.442
Spec. electrical resistance (Ohm.mm <sup>2</sup> /m)	0.5
Modulus of elasticity (10 <sup>3</sup> N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	218

Thermal Expansions between 20°C | 68°F and ...

Temperature (°C)	100	200	300	400	500	600	700
Thermal expansion (10 <sup>-6</sup> m/(m.K))	10.7	11.5	11.9	12.5	12.5	12.8	12.7

The data contained in this brochure is merely for general information and therefore shall not be binding on the company. We may be bound only through a contract explicitly stipulating such data as binding. Measurement data are laboratory values and can deviate from practical analyses. The manufacture of our products does not involve the use of substances detrimental to health or to the ozone layer.

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